

Loss Analysis (MSCAd)

December 2017





LOSS ANALYSIS (MSCAd)

MSCAd stands for Master Significant Cases and Actions database. MSCAd is made up of a loss database. This allows you to demonstrate losses that may be associated with a certain coverage or industry.

MSCAd is compiled by a team of people who manually search for information and create a standardized, granular case record with that information. They search public records like: Lexus Nexus, Federal Dockets, law firm websites, general news, SEC filings, Dept. of Justice filings, etc.

Terms to know:

- Action potential to trigger a claim
- Event trigger a claim
- SIC Standard Industry Code
- GICS Global industry Class Code
- Case Claim

Roles (who uses MSCAd and why):

Risk Managers

- Identify large losses for similar companies
- To make sure that they are covered in certain situations
- Frequency/severity of claims

Brokers

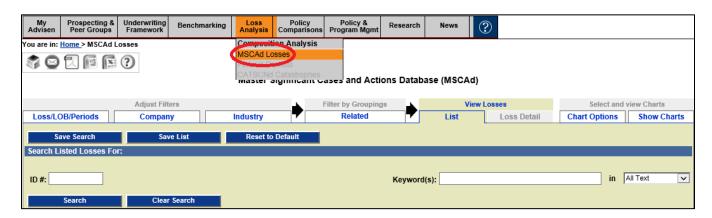
- Identify exposures that a client may not be currently covered for
- Frequency, severity, and commonly suffered losses by industry peers to back up purchase recommendations

Underwriters

- Severity of claims and frequency of claims
- Help determine rates
- Used for pricing discussions by actuaries (math head/number cruncher) for recommendations

How to create a list:

- 1. Hover over "Loss Analysis"
- 2. Under "Composition Analysis", select "MSCAd Losses"



This will bring you to a series of tabs: "Loss/LOB/Periods", "Company", "Industry", "Related", "List", "Loss Detail", "Chart Options", and "Show Charts".

Tab 1: Loss/LOB/Periods

This allows you to select multiple options by the category, type of case, likely coverage and LOB

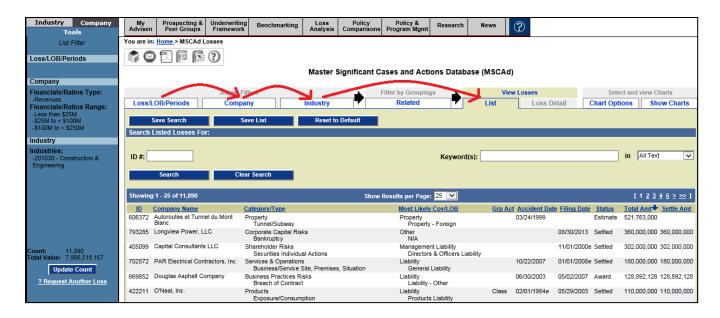
Tab 2: Company

This allows you to enter specific company exposure information such as: company type, financials, employees, etc.

Tab 3: Industry

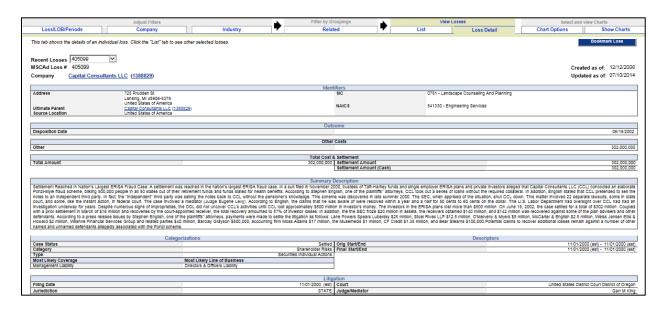
The industry tab allows you to search for specific industries by GICS, SIC or a keyword. You can select multiple industries (Use the Ctrl key with your cursor or simply click and drag with your cursor to select multiple industries)

Once all of the selections have been filled in (you do not have to fill in every tab), you can select the "List" Tab. For now, this means you can skip the "Related" tab.



You have the ability to sort the list by clicking on one of the topics listed across the top. (ID, Company Name, Category/Type, Most Likely Cov/LOB, Grp Act, Accident Date, Filing Date, Status, Total Amount, Settle Amt)

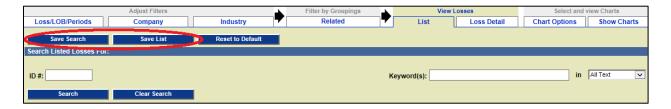
To see individual case details select a case.



You can export individual cases to Word.



You can also save the list or search by selecting either the "Save Search" or "Save List" button.

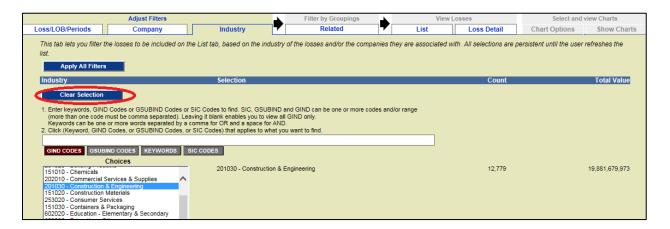


NOTE:

To change any of the filters on the "Loss/LOB/Periods" or "Company" tabs you'll need to return to the appropriate tab and manually select (a) different option(s).

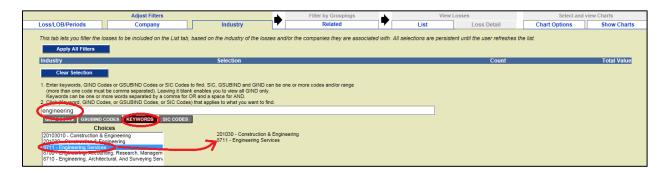
To change industry selections within the "Industry" tab, you can deselect old industries and select other new industries by pressing the Ctrl key and using your cursor (or clicking and dragging a new group of industries with your cursor) OR you can select the "Clear Selection" button to erase all previously selected industries and start with a clean slate.

If you simply hit the back button you will lose all the selections made.

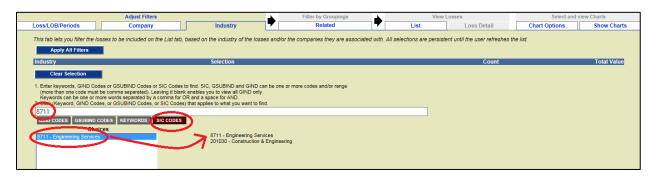


Tip for searching industries:

Type a keyword into search box (Ex. Engineering, Real Estate, Health, etc.), click "KEYWORDS" and then select appropriate industries from list output.



Type SIC code into search box, click "KEYWORDS" and then select industry.



How to search for a specific company's MSCAd losses:

Once you've searched a company in the company database search tool on the vertical left-side menu, click the "Litigation + Losses" tab and then select "MSCAd Large Losses". This will pull up all losses in the system related to that specific company and its entities.

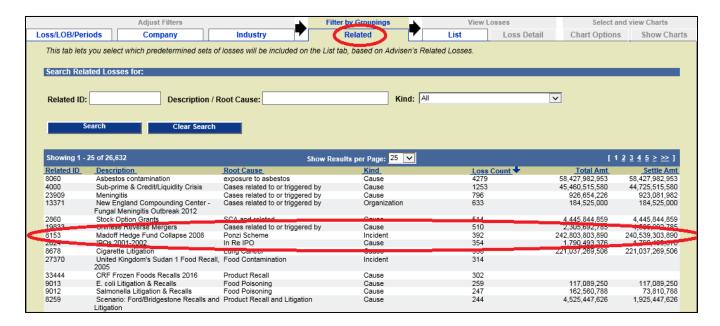
Note: If this option is grayed out then it means there are no large losses for said company in MSCAd.



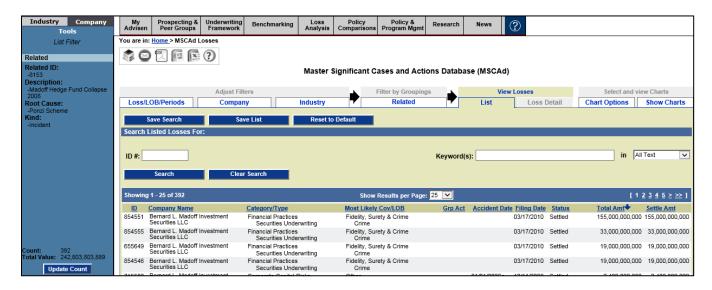
Related tab:

The "Related" tab links together one or more cases that can be traced back to a single cause or event.

Click the "Related" tab to see all related records.



Then select from any one of the "Related" groupings to see all individual records that fall within group.



Click on individual case records to see case details, as shown in example previously.